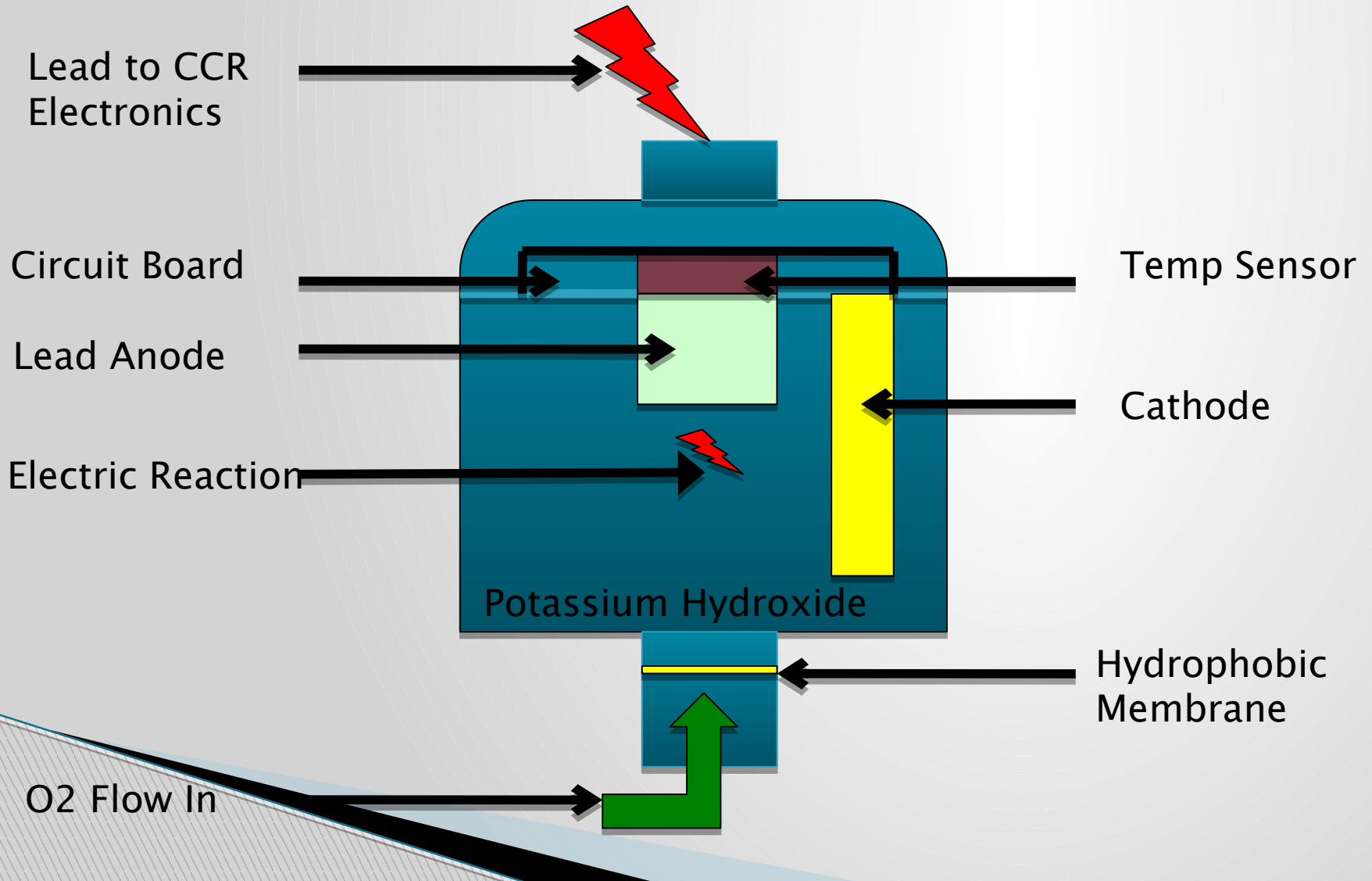


Oxygen Sensor

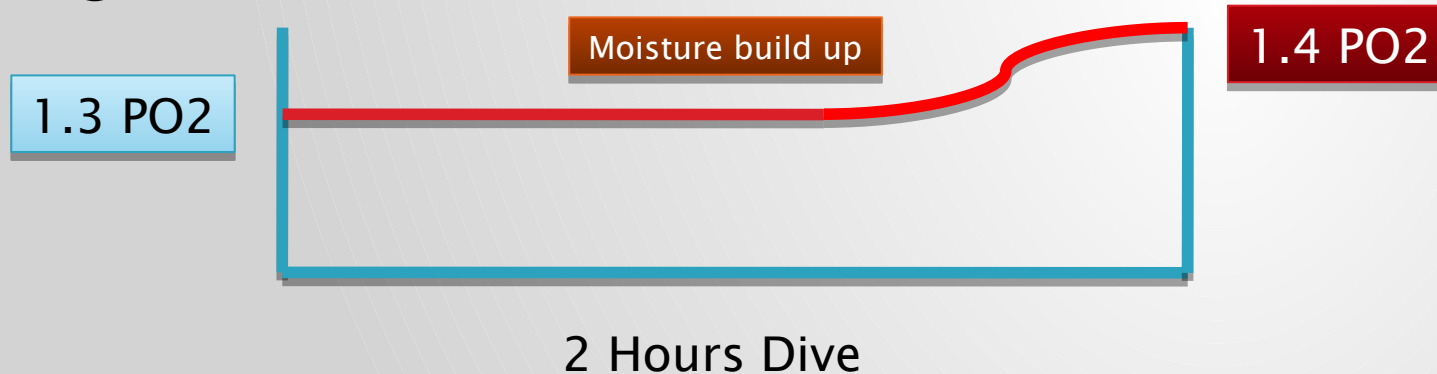


Oxygen Sensors

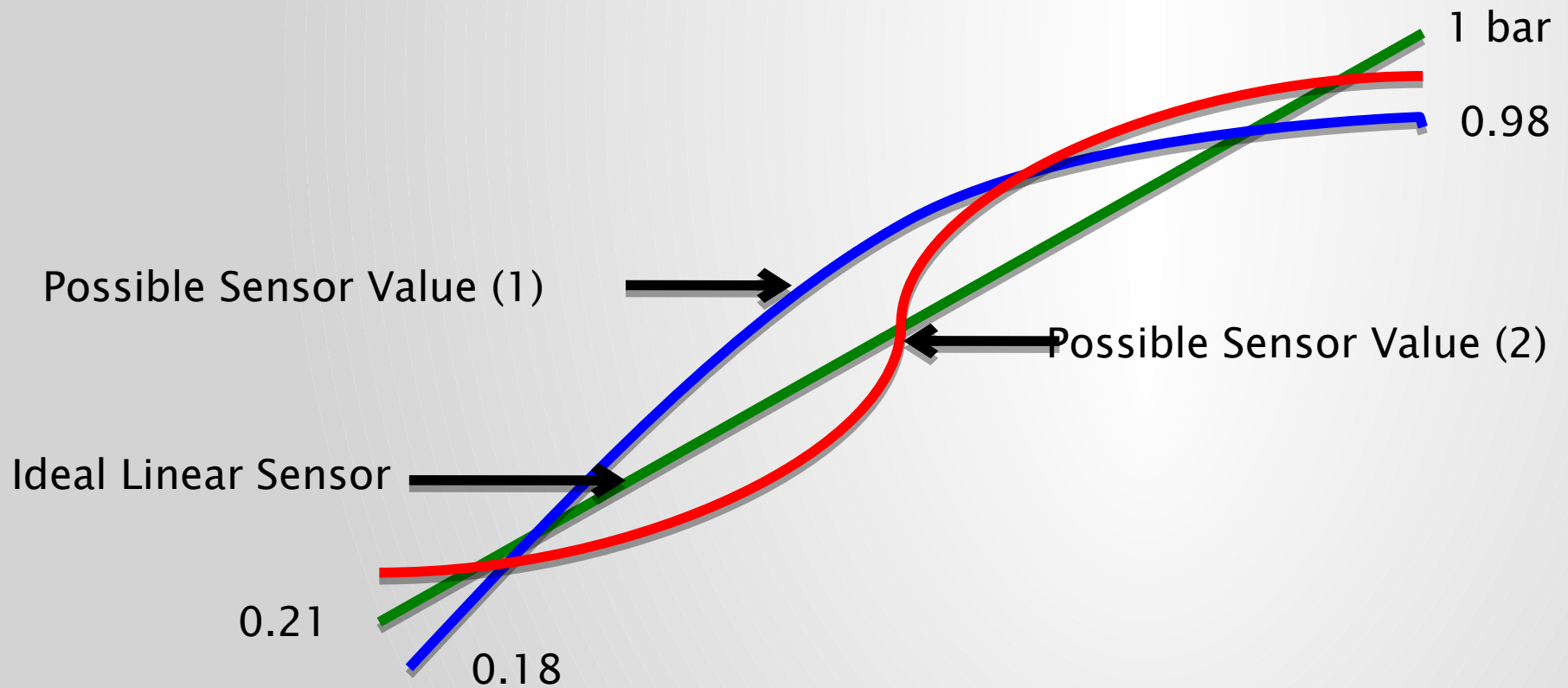
- ▶ Reads MV converts to PO₂
- ▶ Calibrate brings slightly different MV readings into line after confirming a know cal gas.
- ▶ Linear Sensoring
- ▶ Calibrating 100% or 21% (Wet/Dry Sensors)
- ▶ Advantage & Disadvantage of 100% Calibration
- ▶ Advantage & Disadvantage of 21% Calibration
- ▶ Current Limiting MV to O₂ (anode depleting)
- ▶ How often do I change my sensors?
- ▶ Why Dil Flush
- ▶ O₂ Flush at depth?????

Oxygen Sensors

- ▶ Water on cell face
- ▶ Sensor need a full open face
- ▶ Moisture reduces the surface area thus reducing MV, so sensor reads low and adds O₂



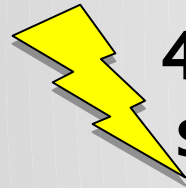

Linear Sensoring & Calibration

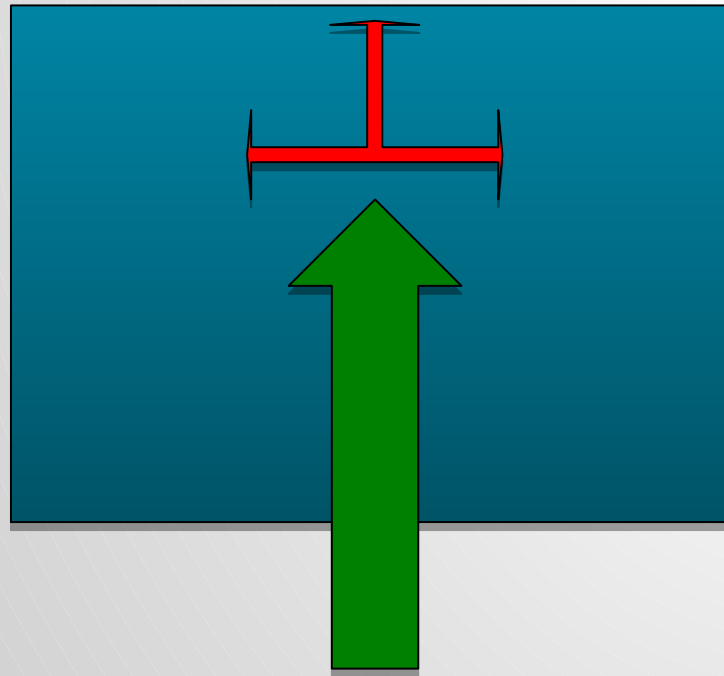


Solenoids


- ▶ Solenoids are simple upstream valves
- ▶ The more pressure acting upon them, the tighter they close
- ▶ Solenoids are responsible for the biggest battery drain in most rebreathers
- ▶ Battery warning level comes in at a higher voltage than is needed to open the solenoid

Solenoids

 4.5 V to Open the solenoid at 7 Bar 



Solenoids

 5.2 V to Open the solenoid at 9 Bar 